HERB HERBERT FAVOURITE HERBS FACT SHEET

Bergamot Monarda didyma - Monarda citriodorus

his North American genus contains 12 species of annuals, perennials, and shrubs. Monarda didyma, found in rich, moist woodland, and M. fistulosa, native to dry hillsides and rocky woods, make good border plants. The brightly coloured flowers attract butterflies and hummingbirds.

Monarda's are knows as bergamots, because their aroma resembles that of the bergamot orange.

M. didyma is an aromatic perennial with erect, 4-angled stems and ovate, toothed leaves. Bright red flowers with red-green bracts are produced in a terminal whorl in summer and autumn.

Height 40cm-1.2m/16-48in Spread 30-60cm/12-24in



Lemon Bergamot Monarda citriodorus E-mail: herb@herbherbert.com Strongly lemon-scented leaves are excellent in teas and as culinary herb, the flowers are edible. Its leaves are used fresh in salads and drinks and dried in herbal teas and potpourri.

USES OF THE HERB

Culinary

Leaves are infused as tea, and give a distinct Earl Grey flavour. Flowers are added to salads for a brilliant splash of colour.. The leaves are a wonderful compliment to fruit.

Aromatic

The citrus scent of the leaves and flowers add a refreshing lift to potpourris as well as adding colour.

CULTIVATION Rich, moist soil in sun. Propagate by division in spring, or by softwood cuttings in spring. M didyma is prone to mildew in dry conditions.

HARVEST Whole plant is cut when flowering, and leaves picked before flowering, and used fresh or dried for infusions.

Lemon Bergamot Monarda citriodorus





An aromatic herb with a strong citrus fragrance and flavour.